

Standard	Translation
Students know the energy release per gram of material is much larger in nuclear fusion or fission reactions than in chemical reactions. The change in mass (calculated by $E = mc^2$) is small but significant in nuclear reactions	
Students know some naturally occurring isotopes of elements are radioactive, as are isotopes formed in nuclear reactions.	
Students know the three most common forms of radioactive decay (alpha, beta, and gamma) and know how the nucleus changes in each type of decay.	
Students know alpha, beta, and gamma radiation produce different amounts and kinds of damage in matter and have different penetrations.	