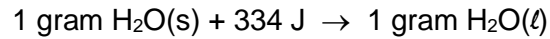


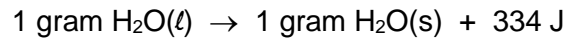
Heat of Phase Change

Heat of Fusion

The energy required to convert one gram of a substance from a solid to a liquid at its melting point.



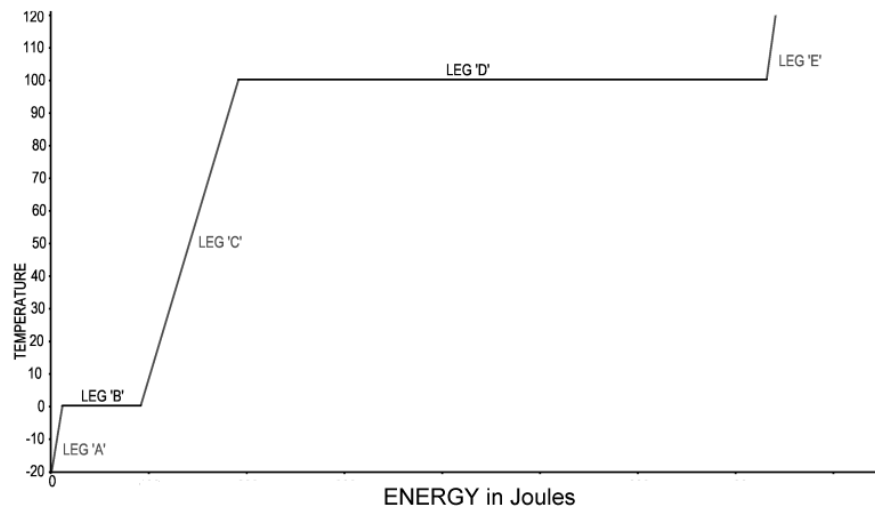
The energy released when one gram of a substance is converted from liquid to solid at its freezing point.



Equation:

$$Q = m\Delta H_{fus}$$

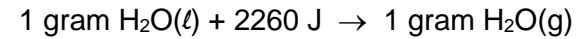
$Q = \text{heat in Joules}$
 $m = \text{mass in grams}$
 $\Delta H_{fus} = 334 \text{ Joule/gram}$



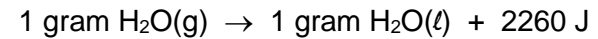
Occurs along Leg "B"

Heat of Vaporization

The energy required to convert one gram of a substance from a liquid to a vapor at its boiling point.



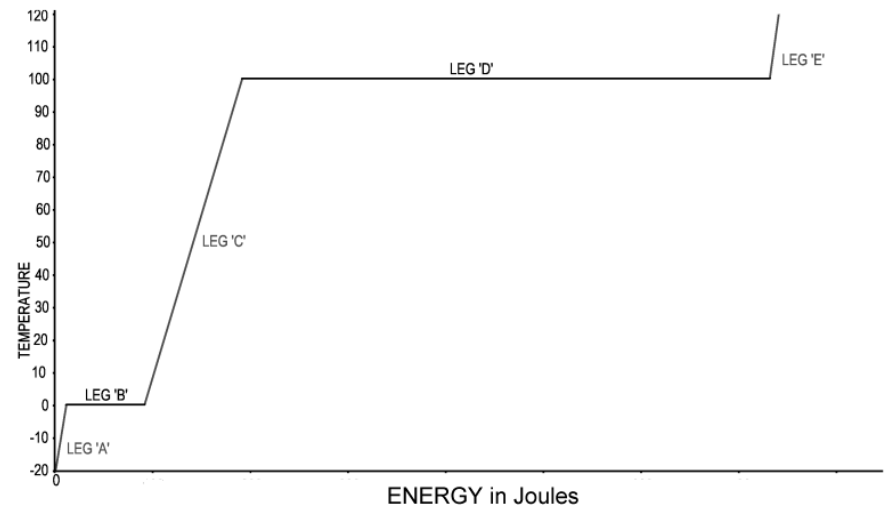
The energy released when one gram of a substance condenses from a vapor to a liquid at its condensation point.



Equation:

$$Q = m\Delta H_{vap}$$

$Q = \text{heat in Joules}$
 $m = \text{mass in grams}$
 $\Delta H_{vap} = 2260 \text{ Joule/gram}$



Occurs along Leg "D"

Specific Heat

Specific Heat is the energy that must be added to raise the temperature of one gram of a substance by one Celsius degree

AND

Specific Heat is the energy that must be removed to lower the temperature of one gram of a substance by one Celsius degree

Equation:

$$Q = m(\Delta T)C_p$$

$Q = \text{heat in Joules}$

$m = \text{mass in grams}$

$\Delta T = \text{Change in Temperature}$

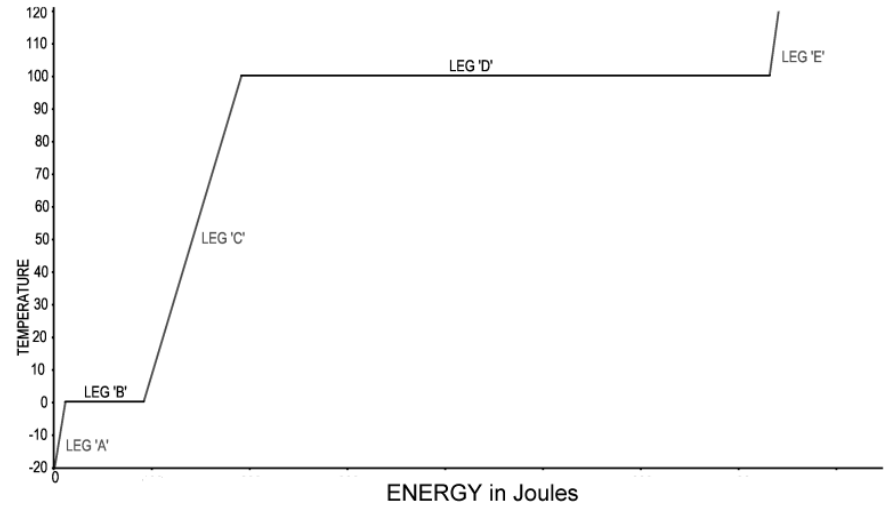
$C_p = \text{Specific Heat in } \frac{J}{g \cdot ^\circ C}$

Specific Heat Values:

For liquid water, $C_p = 4.18 \frac{J}{g \cdot ^\circ C}$

For ice, $C_p = 2.05 \frac{J}{g \cdot ^\circ C}$

For steam, $C_p = 2.01 \frac{J}{g \cdot ^\circ C}$



- Temperature change for ice occurs along Leg "A"
- Temperature change for water occurs along Leg "C"
- Temperature change for steam occurs along Leg "E"